



## EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

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## (54) Recognition of handwriting in mobile station

(57) The invention relates to improving the functions and applicability of a mobile station (201), (301), (401). Advantageous embodiments of the invention include a method in which graphic information may be input to a terminal equipment via a touch-sensitive writing pad and at the same time presented on a display in parallel with the independent execution of other functions, and a portable terminal equipment according to the method, which comprises a voice communicator (for text and file

storage and transmission functions) and a display for presenting visual information as well as a graphic writing pad for entering input data in graphic format to the terminal equipment. In a communicator according to an embodiment of the invention a video terminal may be used in the information input simultaneously as a graphic writing pad and a display of the video terminal. The invention enables deaf and dumb people to communicate and take part in a video conference, for example.

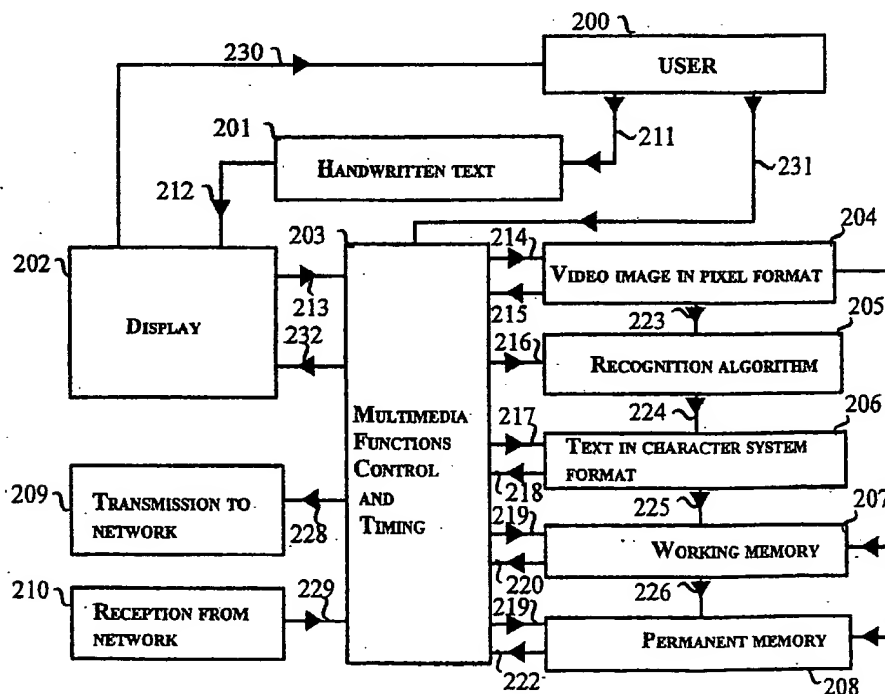


Figure 2

## Description

[0001] The invention relates to the properties and applicability of a mobile station.

[0002] A video conference or communication with e.g. deaf and dumb people requires the use of multimedia in which participants may send information (not just pictures, sound and video but also text-based information) to other participants and, on the other hand, receive and utilize information sent by other participants.

[0003] In addition to voice properties a modern portable phone may also have functions enabling it to transmit and receive text messages or multimedia messages, for example. Moreover, it is known that it is possible to transmit, receive and present a video image in digital format on a mobile station using a camera and a display attached to the mobile station.

[0004] Existing multimedia properties could be utilized e.g. in a video conference in which the participants communicate through a so-called video terminal. In the future it is advantageous that the characteristics of mobile stations and other terminal equipment can be made even more versatile.

[0005] Accordingly, it is an object of the invention to provide a versatile means of communication and a flexible user interface with wide applicability. In addition, it is an object of the invention to improve the characteristics of multimedia communicators. This can be achieved by providing the display or corresponding writing surface in a mobile station with text recognition capability.

[0006] The objects of the invention are achieved by using the display or a portion of the display of a mobile video phone or corresponding video communicator serving as a portable multimedia terminal or a separate writing surface as a touch-sensitive writing pad for the recognition and storing of handwritten text. To the storage it is possible to connect the use of a handwriting recognition algorithm for real-time updating and transmission of notes and text.

[0007] One embodiment of the invention is a method belonging to the realm of multimedia technology in which the touch-sensitive display of a mobile phone and a writing means, say an ordinary pencil, are used for real-time storing of handwritten text while at the same time the display may output other information such as a received video image, for example. At the same time the text may be converted into character-based format using a special recognition algorithm as well as be displayed on a video screen or on the apparatuses of the other participants in the video call. Texts may be sent and stored in a pixel- or character-based file for later use, say to be transmitted to a mobile communication or other network, and/or be used as parts of graphic images and text on the display. In addition to handwritten character recognition the method may be used to recognize the identity of the writer.

[0008] The invention will now be described in more detail with reference to the advantageous embodiments

presented by way of example and to the accompanying drawings wherein

Fig. 1 illustrates the properties of a mobile multimedia communicator with respect to the invention,

Fig. 2 illustrates the principle and functions of the invention when the embodiment of the invention is a mobile multimedia communicator or a corresponding portable terminal,

Fig. 3 illustrates the tasks of functions control according to the invention in a mobile station,

Fig. 4 shows a functional block diagram of an apparatus according to an embodiment of the invention.

[0009] Electronic recognition of handwritten characters is known as such. Handwritten text can be recognized into characters using e.g. 3Com's Palm Pilot devices. Palm Pilot is a registered trademark owned by 3Com. It is known as such to add handwritten text recognition capability to an ordinary mobile phone (say, Qualcomm), as is disclosed e.g. in EP782357 A2. For character recognition has been proposed a motion detector in a portable phone system built in the form of a pen, with which actions directed to the text can be controlled by means of a special selector (GB 2329300A and EP0907278 A).

[0010] Moreover, proposals are known for telephone apparatuses without a handwriting recognition algorithm, in which apparatuses Asian characters to be transmitted either directly or through a cache memory are written by hand on a suitable sensitive display in a phone (EP782357 A2), whereby it is proposed that the display could be thermally, electrostatically, magnetically or optically sensitive or pressure sensitive so as to react to the action of a writing means.

[0011] Additionally, proposals are known for electric methods to store and process handwritten information in a compressed pixel-based image. The image is not encoded to a format understood by a computer in the terminal itself, but the encoding is carried out later in a separate external unit. The handwritten figures are detected in a writing block, by a pressure-sensitive module, as pixel-based graphics the information in which can be forwarded for encoding in a computer via a cable or RAM card (DE 4428836 A).

[0012] The present invention uses a touch-sensitive display or a portion of such a display in the storage and display of handwritten alphanumeric text in conjunction with an algorithm that recognizes handwritten text to be transmitted and/or stored in character-based format. The invention enhances multimedia capabilities and applicability in communications technology by combining the properties of video, mobile phone and handwritten

text recognition in order to provide a versatile multimedia communicator (Fig. 1). A terminal employing the method according to an embodiment of the invention enables persons with a hearing or speech defect to participate in a real-time video conference in which handwritten notes may be stored, combined and quickly conveyed by means of the invention to the participants to be further transmitted or stored as desired (Figs. 2 and 3).

**[0013]** Fig. 1 illustrates the hierarchy of the development of the mobile phone, showing a conventional mobile station, or mobile phone, on the bottom of the "well". Conventionally, the characteristics of such a mobile phone include the functions required in the transmission and reception of voice. In the course of development the transmission and reception characteristics of the phone have become more diverse as various properties have been added in accordance with the figure. As a consequence the phone has become a means of communication, a communicator, which can be made even more versatile and applicable when still more functions are added.

**[0014]** Fig. 2 illustrates in the form of block diagram the operating principle of a mobile multimedia communicator according to an embodiment of the invention. The user 200 writes text 201 on a touch-sensitive display 202. By means of functions control 203 in the mobile multimedia communicator the user 200 converts 213, 214 the handwritten text 201 entered on the display 202 into a pixel-based video image 204 and, if so desires, stores 227 it either in the working memory 207 or permanent memory 208. With the functions control 203, function 216 can be used to activate the handwriting recognition algorithm 205 which reads 223 the pixel-based video image 204 and converts 224 the text 201, 204 into a character system format 206. If the user 201 desires, the text 206 may be stored 225 by means of the multimedia functions control and timing 203 in the working memory 207 and further stored 226 in the permanent memory 208. Using the multimedia functions control and timing 203 the user 201 may pick 213 desired portions on the display 202 and input 214, 217, 219, 221 them by means of functions to be used in the communicator. In addition, by means of element 203 the user may fetch 232, through functions 215, 218, 220 and 222, material onto the display 202 and receive 229 from a network 210 a signal that can be processed by functions 214, 216, 217, 219 and 221 for the user and displayed 232 on the display 202. By means of element 203 the user may choose components from the display 202, pixel-based video image 204, character system based text 206, working memory 207 or from the permanent memory 208 to be transmitted 228 to the network 209. In that case the mobile station's read, display and transmission functions may be carried out in parallel to the extent and for the portions defined by the user.

**[0015]** Fig. 3 illustrates the functions of the multimedia function control and timing 203 according to the inven-

tion from the point of view of the user interface. A broken line defines the mobile station and the functions required of its user interface. The user 300 may use the mobile station 301 in conventional manner by receiving voice 307 through the loudspeaker and/or transmitting voice 308 through the microphone. In addition the user may read 309 a video signal on the display or transmit 310 a video signal through the mobile station 301, say from a camera. Additionally, the display may be used for writing in 311 graphic information when the text is in handwriting. On the keypad of the mobile station it is possible to enter 312 text in ASCII format to be displayed 313 on the mobile station's display. In addition, it is possible to select an external information source 305, e.g. at the end of a wire connection 314, for information input. The mobile station 301 also comprises a memory 306 for storing the material in question and placing it at the disposal of the user 300. The user 300 may by means of the mobile station 301 transmit, receive and/or present in accordance with Fig. 3 audio A, video V, text T or graphics G to the Internet or a corresponding network 314 for the other participants 302, 303 and 304 in the call.

**[0016]** Of the embodiments of the invention Fig. 4 shows a mobile equipment 401 with which it is possible to detect 403 and recognize by means of a special text recognition element 412 text written on the display 402. The mobile station also includes system control 405 with which the user of the equipment may control 424 the multimedia system 406 and the modem 407 of the equipment 401 as well as the transmission 408, 413, 425b and reception 409, 414, 425a functions. A video camera 411 may be connected to the mobile station so that the signal of said video camera is stored e.g. in MPEG-4 format on a video unit 417. Using function 423b it is possible to send 425b, 408 the video signal or portions of it via a mux/demux element 415 forward e.g. to a network or to other parts of the equipment such as the audio unit 418, handwriting recognition element 412, data protocol block 412b and display 402. The mux/demux element 415 enables the user to control through the system control 405 and multimedia system 406 signals coming from the different elements 417, 418, 412, 415 and apparatuses 411, 410, 402, 407 and combine the signals in a desired manner and to distribute them to other elements or apparatuses as well as to be sent to a network to be used as video conference material, for example.

**[0017]** The storage 212 of handwritten text 201 and the conversion of the text 201, 204 into alphanumeric letters (including characters specific to different cultural contexts as well as Cyrillic and Greek letters) can be performed 215, 217 in the manner chosen by the user through the functions control and timing 203. The text may be written 211, 311 and/or stored during and/or before a video conference to be distributed in video and/or character format to selectable parties 301, 302, 303, 304 participating in the video call (Fig. 3) whereby the

# Properties of mobile multimedia communicator

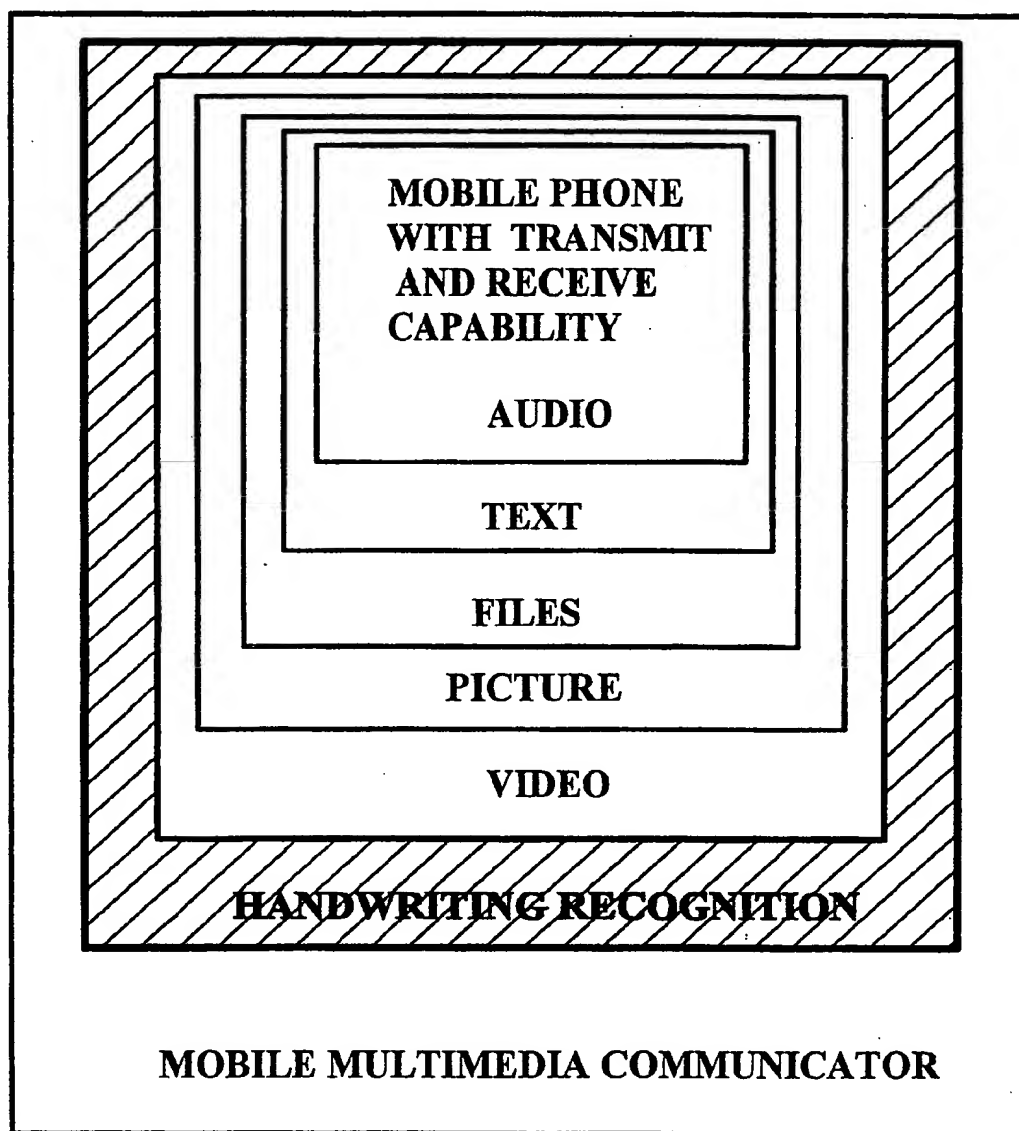


Figure 1

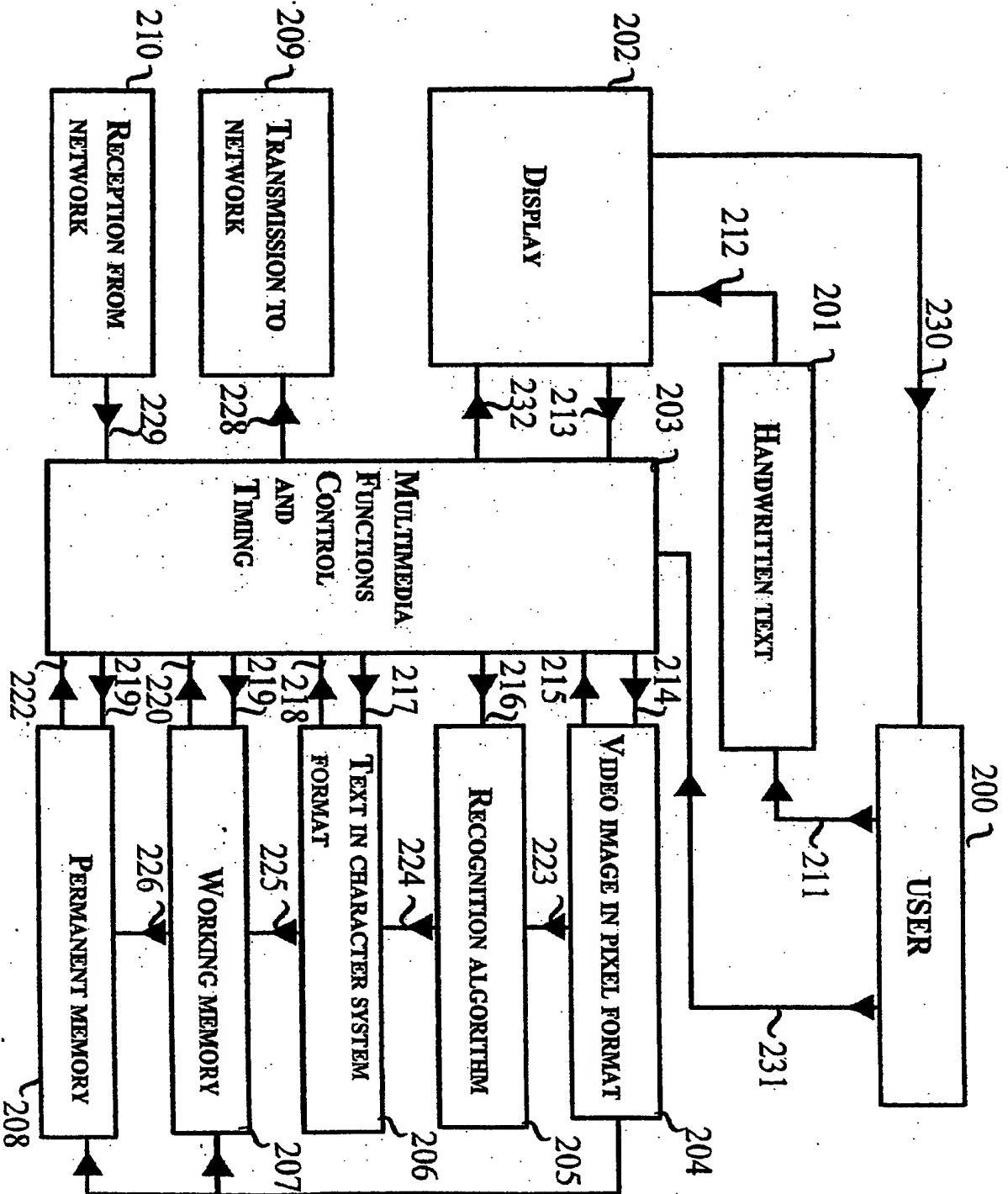
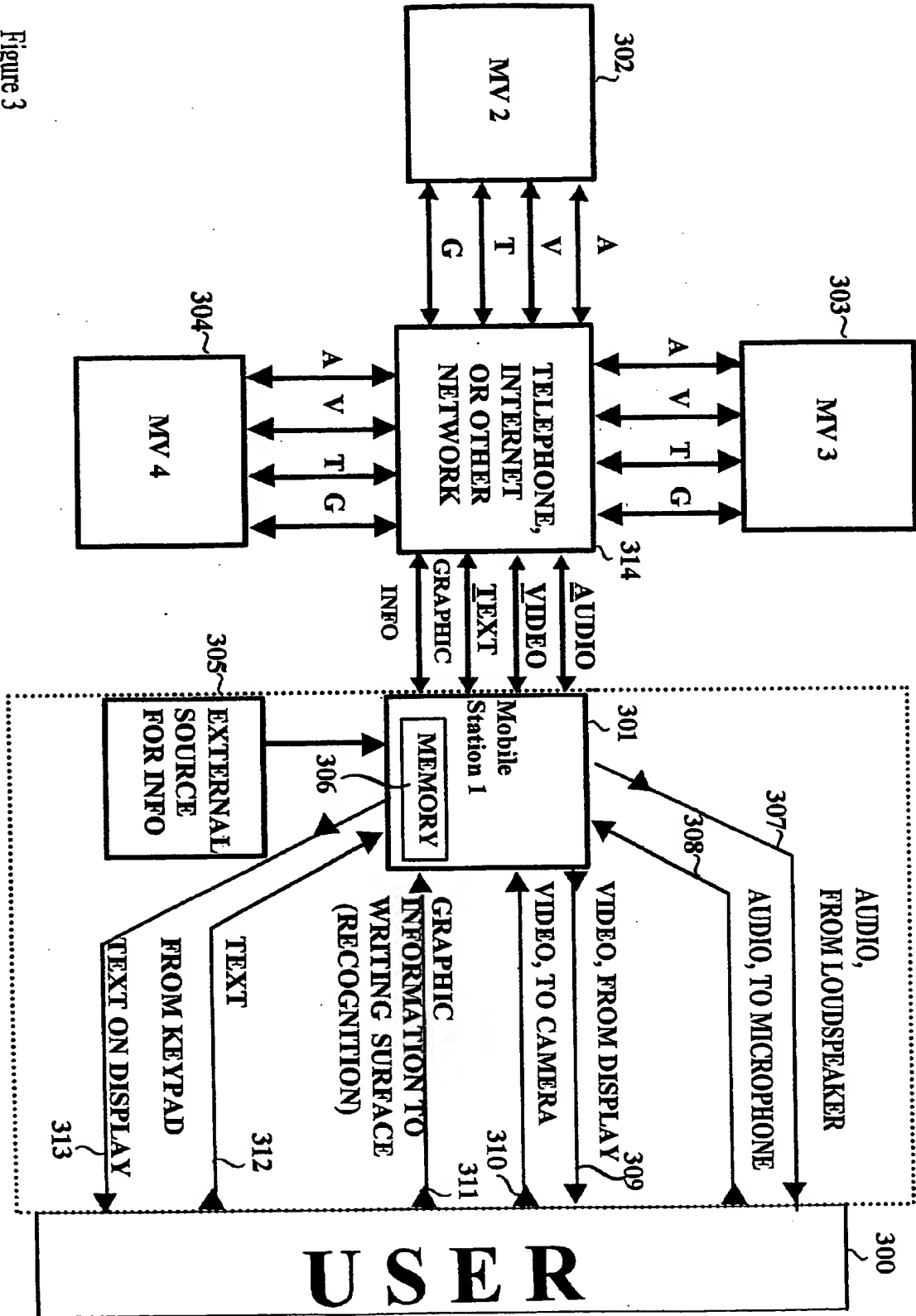


Figure 2

Figure 3



# H.324 SYSTEM

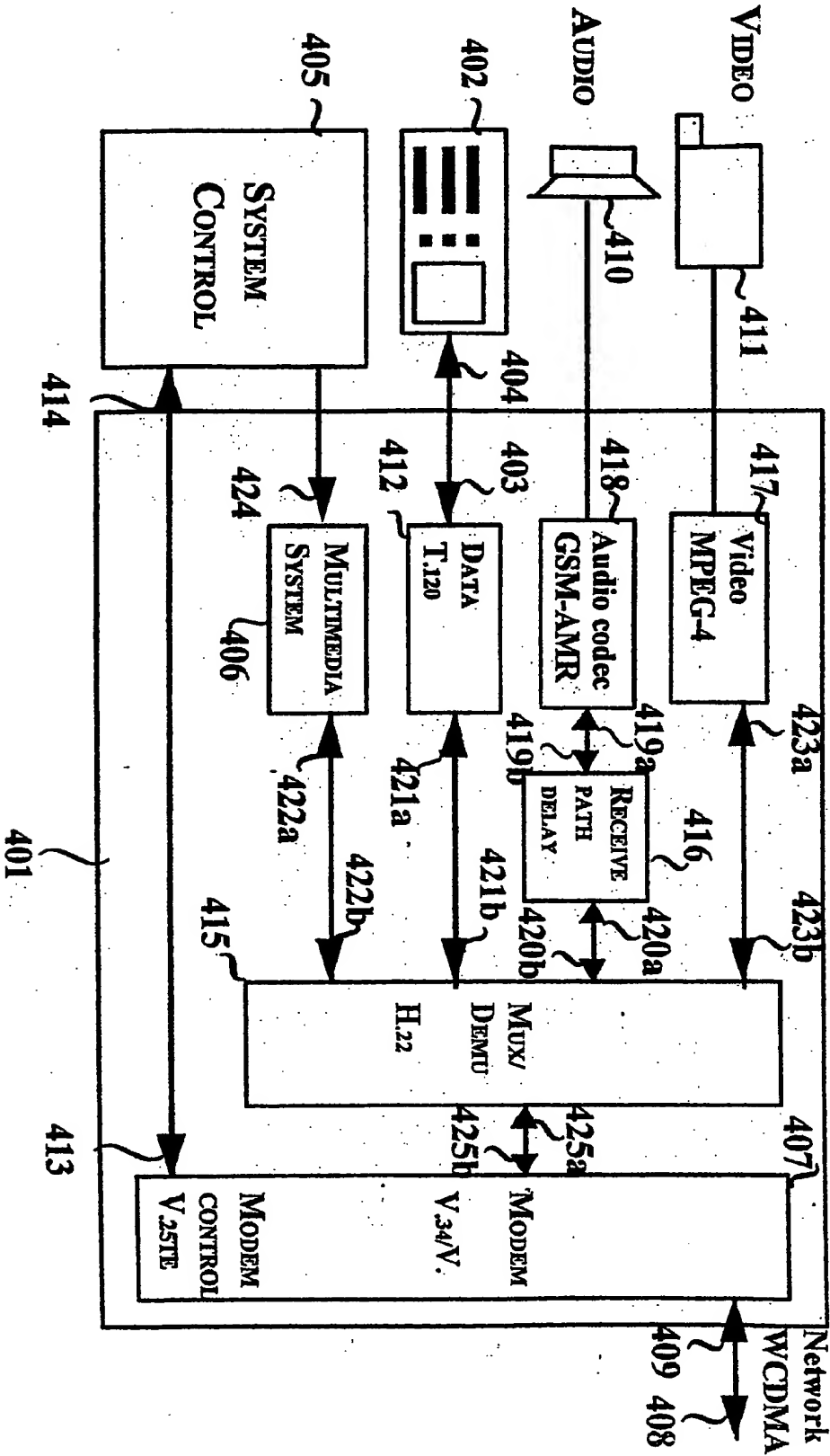


Figure 4